慈濟學校財團法人慈濟大學附屬高級中學附設國小部 108學年度第一學期沉浸式英語教學特色學校教學設計

一、英語融入健康領域課程理念與架構

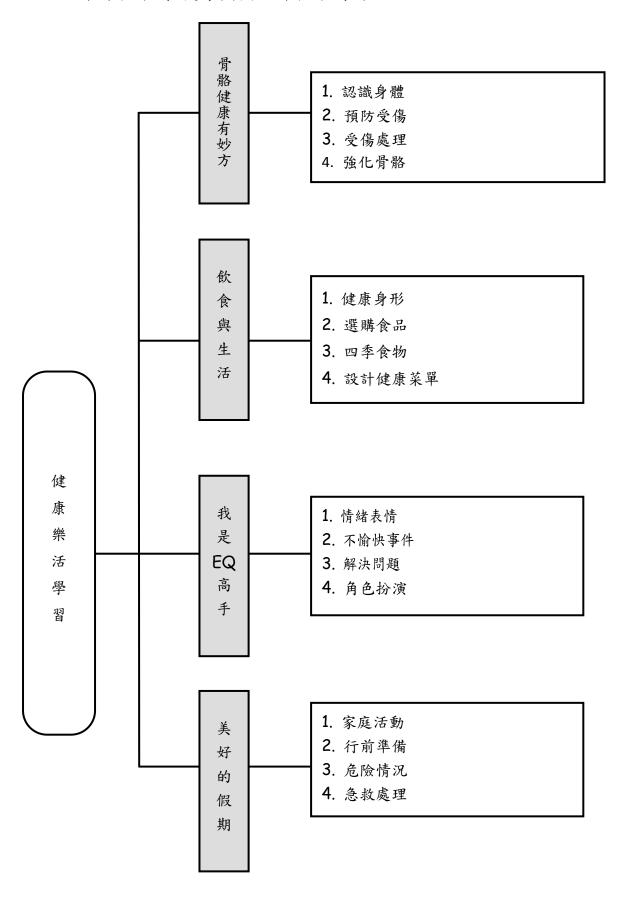
本校將國際教育與人文教育訂為重點發展課程內涵,實踐學生具備宏觀的思維與 健康的生活,達成學校願景;學校多年前即開始推動國際校際交流活動,透過參訪老師 分享寶貴國外學校軟體與硬體經驗,校內透過舉辦英語文競賽、英語成果展等,校外積 極參與各項英語競賽,並積極設置校內英語教學環境等,為本校雙語教學環境奠定了穩 定的基礎。

為了營造學生沉浸式的雙語學習情境,增加學生學習英語的機會,提升學生學習英語的興趣。本校申請計畫主題為英語融入健康課程,以三年級3個班級為實施對象,由英語科任教師授課。授課教師組成共備社群,以健康領域教科書為主要教材,課程教學內容加入健康相關英語字彙與句型,除了建立學生健康領域的學科知能,更要提升學生在生活應用課程中學到的英語能力。

透過課程設計,提供學生健康中英文學習情境,培養學生帶得走的雙語文能力,課前蒐集相關英語資訊,融入健康課程。健康課程計畫,每單元內容進度安排如下:

主題	名稱	教學週次
_	骨骼健康有妙方	第 1~4 週(4週)
=	飲食與生活	第 5~8 週(4週)
	性平教育宣導週	第 9 週
=	我是EQ高手	第 10~13週(4週)
四	美好的假期	第 14~17週(4週)
	整學期總複習與期末考	第 18~19 週
	期末整理	第 20 週

二、方案課程架構-健康與英語課程架構圖



三、三年級英語融入健康領域教學之教案設計理念

上學期:健康樂活學習

週次	主題	健康領綱	健康課程理念與設計		
1~4 (4週)	一、 骨骼健康 有妙方	1-1-2 觀察並比較不同人生階段的 異同 1-1-4 養成良好的健康態度和習 慣,並能表現於生活中	隨著生活水準的提升,人們對於疾病的防治及身體保健也較以往來得重視,而想讓身體保健的效益提升,重要的是要及早身體力行,在此統整活動中,即是希望透過活動幫助學童了解疾病的防治方法,鼓勵學童在日常生活中落實保健的各項行動,且更進一步擁有強健的身體。		
5~8 (4週)	二、 飲食與 生活	2-1-2 了解環境因素如何影響食物 種類並探討影響飲食習慣的 因素 2-1-3 培養良好的飲食習慣 2-1-4 辨識食物的安全性,並選擇 健康的營養餐點	人們的生活多元化,因此希望擁有健康的身體, 更重要的是了解食物的營養,在此統整活動中, 即是希望透過活動幫助學童培養良好的飲食習 慣、建立正確的飲食概念,並且幫助學童建立認 識優良食物的能力。		
9	性平教育宣導週				
10~13 (4週)	三 我是EQ 高手	6-1-4 認識情緒的表達及正確的處理方式	好國民不只在外對人要有禮儀,在家亦是如此,所謂有禮走遍天下,無禮寸步難行,知禮行禮,才能與人建立良好的人際關係。所以本主題學習活動將藉由孩子感興趣的生日宴會開始,參加中學習一些作客及邀請他人的生活禮儀,並反省自己在日常生活中習慣,是否合宜且合乎禮,期待孩子從小養成彬彬有禮的好習慣。		
14~17 (4週)	五、 美好的 假期	5-1-2 說明並演練促進個人促進 個人及他人生活安全的方 法。 5-1-3 思考並演練處理危險和緊 急情況的方法。	鼓舞學童表達自己參與戶外活動的所見所聞,並 藉此增進學童的認識與互動;接著體會遵守規則 的益處與重要性;最後讓學生知道尊重大自然的 重要性,並了解意外發生時,應該有的處理態度 與方式。		
18~19	整學期總複習與期末考				
20	期末整理週				

健康領域沉浸式英語教學「健康樂活學習」教案設計

主題名稱	健康樂活學習	教學設計者	林慧琦 、洪麗文、孔祥英、周秋菊			
教學對象	三年級	教學節次	教學節次 4個單元/16節課			
	1a-Ⅱ-1 認識身心健康基本概念與意義。					
	1α-Ⅱ-2 了解促進健康生活的方法。					
	1b-Ⅱ-1 認識健康技	能和生活技能對健康約	能護的重要性。			
	1b-Ⅱ-2 辨別生活情	清中適用的健康技能 和	和生活技能。			
	2a-Ⅱ-1 覺察健康受	:到個人、家庭、學校等	等因素之影響。			
	2a-Ⅱ-2 注意健康問	月題所帶來的威脅感與於	嚴重性。			
能力指標	2b-Ⅱ-1 遵守健康的]生活規範。				
(素養與學習表	2b-Ⅱ-2 願意改善伯	固人的健康習慣。				
現)	2d-Ⅱ-3 參與並欣賞					
	3a-Ⅱ-1 演練基本的					
	3a-Ⅱ-2 能於生活中獨立操作基本的健康技能。					
	3b-Ⅱ-1 透過模仿學習,表現基本的自我調適技能。					
	3b-Ⅱ-2 能於引導下,表現基本的人際溝通互動技能。					
	3b-Ⅱ-3 運用基本的生活技能,因應不同的生活情境。					
	3c-Ⅱ-1 表現聯合性動作技能。					
	3c-Ⅱ-2 透過身體活動,探索運動潛能與表現正確的身體活動。					
	3d-Ⅱ-1 運用動作技能的練習策略。					
	3d-Ⅱ-2 運用遊戲的合作和競爭策略。					
	認知:	歌、肌肉和關節的正成	2夕稻乃其木功於。			
	 能認識人體骨骼、肌肉和關節的正確名稱及基本功能。 能分辨不同國家或區域飲食習慣的差異性。 					
	3. 能知道每個人都有喜、怒、哀、懼等不同的感受。					
	4. 能了解一般交通安全常識。					
	5. 能了解山林旅遊的安全規則。					
	6. 能了解吃當季食物的益處。					
學習目標	7. 了解電視廣告、海報、朋友推荐及促銷活動等因素,會影響消費選擇。					
	情意:					
	8. 能隨時提醒自己,保持正確姿勢,讓身體健康的成長。					
	9. 日常生活中,要注意安全,避免因不小心而使骨骼或關節受傷。					
	10. 能了解充分準備旅遊裝備,才能確保旅遊品質。					
	技能:					
	11. 用健康的方法	表達需求與感覺。				

	12. 藉由身體活動,體驗適當處理情緒的方法。
	13. 了解平日常見的小傷害,並演練小傷口的處理順序和方法。
	人人都想有"健康的身體,但怎樣才算健康呢?衡量一个人是否健康,其標準是什麼呢?
設計理念	世界衛生組織(WHO)關於健康的定義: "健康是一種在 身體上、精神上和社會上的完好狀態,不僅僅是没有疾病或衰弱。" 它意 身體健康、心理健康、社會適應良好和道德健康四方面都健全,才是完全 有名的布拉克斯特教授也曾說過。世界是每一個人都爱健康,但卻没 過健康。因為健康從來就不只是軀體無恙,而是身心靈 的和諧。
教學方法	觀察法、示範教學法、討論法、問題教學法、合作學習教學法
教學策略	分組合作、口頭發表、小組討論、角色扮演
學習模組	自學→共學→共好
	classroom language :
	 Pay attention, everybody.
	Open your books at page
教室用語	 Come out and write it on the board.
	Whose turn is it to read?
	• Which question are you on?
	• Who hasn't answered yet?
	What was the like?
	• What do you think?
	How can you tell?
	 Let me explain what I want you to do next.
	Would you give us an example?
	Could you explain a little bit more about that?
	Would you pronounce the word ""?
	What do you mean?
	Are you with me?
	Do you get it?
	Let's check the answers.
	 One more time, please.
	 We have an extra five minutes.
	 There are still two minutes to go.
	 I'm afraid it's time to finish now.
	 We'll have to stop here
	 We'll do the rest of this chapter next time.

主題/單元		第一單元 骨骼健康有妙方 Good Methods for Healthy Bones	教材來源		. 南一	-版 三年絲	及上學期
實施年級		三年級	節數		共	4 節,1	60 分鐘
設計理念		三年級學生除了熟悉健康課本內容之外,在沉浸式課程中,應加強英語聽力、識字與 能力。因此在本課程設計中建構健康知識、也希望能增加用英語表達健康課所學的能					
健康核心素養		健體-E-A2 具備探索身體活動與健康生活問題的思考能力,並透過體驗與實踐,處理日常生活中運動與健康的潛能。	英語				等語文訊息的 基本邏輯思考 效能。
健康	學習表現	1a-I-1 認識健康的基本常識。 2a-I-2 感受健康問題對自己造成的 威脅。 3c-I-2 表現安全的身體活動行為。 4c-I-1 認識與身體活動相關資源。	英語	學習表現	- II - 2 能聽辨 基本的 - II - 3 能說出記 B- II - 2 能辨譜	〕組合。 課堂中所學自	內字詞。
學習重點	學習內容	Ba-Ⅱ-1 居家、交通及戶外環境的潛在 危機與安全須知。 Da-Ⅲ-2 身體各部位的功能與衛生保 健的方法。 Fb-Ⅱ-1 自我健康狀態檢視方法與健 康行為的維持原則。	學重點		Ac-Ⅱ-2 簡易的 B-Ⅱ-1 第二學	的生活用語。	
學習目標		健康 1. 能認識人體骨骼、肌肉和關節的正確名稱及基本功能。 2. 能隨時提醒自己,保持正確姿勢,讓身體健康的成長。 3. 解平日常見的小傷害,並演練小傷口的處理順序和方法。 英語 1. 能以正確的發音及適切的語調說出簡易句型的句子 2. 積極參與各種課堂練習活動。 3. 能妥善運用情境中的非語言訊息以幫助學習。					

第一單元 骨骼健康有妙方

Section 1 Knowing the Body

第一節 認識身體

word bank: muscle/joint/bone/get hurt/position/movement/

sentence patterns: 1. Q: Which part of your body got hurt?

A: My arms got hurt.

2. Q: Why can we do so many movements?

A: Because we have muscle, joint and bones worked together.

(一) Experience sharing 經驗分享:(10 分鐘)

Did you and your family get hurt? Tell us about it. 老師讓學生分享自己或家人之前受傷的經驗。

七叩破子王刀子自己以不八之朋义杨的母

(二) Wound process 受傷經過:(10 分鐘)

1. T: Which part of your body/your family's body got hurt? 你或你的家人什麼部位受傷?

S:(學生中英文回答皆可). My leg got hurt last summer.

2. T: And why did you or your family get hurt?

為什麼你或你的家人會骨折或受傷呢?

S:(學生中英文回答皆可). Because we ran quickly in the park.

3. T: Can you move easily in daily life after getting hurt?

受傷之後會影響日常生活嗎?

S:(學生中英文回答皆可). No, I can't walk, and I can't go to PE class.

4. T: Why can people do so many movements?

為什麼人的身體可以做出各種動作?

5:(學生中英文回答皆可). Because our bones, muscle and joints work together.

- (三) Body parts 身體部位: (15 分鐘)
 - 1. T: Why can we do many movements?

Ss: Because our bones, muscle and joints work together.

我們的身體需要骨骼、肌肉、關節的配合,才能做出各種動作。

2. The teacher shows the photo of a skeleton.

教師展示骨骼、肌肉和關節的結構圖。

3. Ss know the English names of bones, muscles, and joints and their basic Functions.

認識人體骨骼、肌肉和關節的英語名稱及基本功能。

- 4. Ss Touch their bodies to find the positions of bones, muscles, and joints. 摸一摸身體骨骼、肌肉和關節的位置。
- (四) Song teaching 歌曲教學: (5 分鐘)

Play the song "The skeleton Dance", let students know the name of the whole body from the lyrics, and recognize the structure of the skeleton. As the body move, Ss feel the wonderful combination of bones, muscles and joints.

播放骨骼之歌,從歌詞讓學生精熟全身部位名稱,讓學生認知骨架的結構,動一動,感受身體在做動作時,骨骼、肌肉和關節之間的奇妙組合。

~第一節課結束~

Section 2 Injury Prevention

第二節 預防受傷

word bank : falling/bumping/prevention/injury/the elders/pay attention to/

sentence patterns: 1. Q: What can we do to prevent from injury?

A: We can't run in the hallway.走廊.

2. Q: What's the main cause of injury?

A: Falling/Bumping are the main causes of injury.

- (一) Protective methods 保護措施:(10 分鐘)
 - 1. T: What can we do to protect our bones or joints before we do exercise? 運動時,要避免受傷,尤其是骨骼或關節容易受傷,要做好哪些準備?
 - S: (學生中英文回答皆可). We can do warm-up exercise, padding, wearing protective gear.
 - 2. T: Why do the elders need to be careful not to fall down? Why? 家中的長輩更需要注意不要跌倒,為什麼?
 - S: (學生中英文回答皆可). Because their knees are not so good.
- (二) Stay away from danger 遠離危險:(25 分鐘)
 - 1. T: What can we do to prevent from getting hurt in daily life? 在日常生活中要注意哪些行為容易造成受傷?該如何預防?
 - S:(學生中英文回答皆可). Don't run quickly and don't jump from high places.
 - 2. Now we watch a video. We need to take care of our personal safety. 老師播放受傷事件影片,提醒學生要注意安全。
- (三) Stop, think and then act 安全停看聽:(5 分鐘)

T: What do we learn today?

1. Because of the loss of calcium and osteoporosis, the elders should pay more attention to walk safely.

老年人因為鈣質流失,骨質疏鬆,所以更要注意行走的安全。

 Slight sports injuries may cause bruises, joint sprains, muscle strains, etc., which may cause fractures, dislocations, ligament injuries, etc. in severe cases. Therefore, exercise must be safe and well-prepared so as not to cause bones, joints or muscle strain.

輕微的運動傷害,可能造成瘀青、關節扭傷、肌肉拉傷等,嚴重時可能造成骨折、脫臼、韌帶受傷等。因此,運動時必須注意安全,並做好準備,才不會使骨骼、關節或肌肉拉傷。

- 3. Falling and crashing are often the main causes of bone injuries. 墜落和衝撞常是造成骨骼受傷的主要原因。
- 4. Pay attention to safety in your daily life, avoid accidentally injuring your bones or joints, and don't let yourself or others get hurt. 在日常生活中要注意安全,避免因不小心而使骨骼或關節受傷,也不要讓自己或

在日常生活中要汪怠安全,避免因不小心而使實骼或關節受傷,也不要讓目己或他人受到傷害。

~第二節課結束~

Section 3 Wound Treatment

第三節 受傷處理

word bank: cotton swab/gauze 紗布/tweezers/iodine 碘酒/bandage/ointment/

sentence patterns: 1. Q: What can we do to after we fell down?

A: We stay there and don't move.

- 2. Q: What kind of injure cause the inconvenience in daily life from the book?
 - A: <u>Fracture or dislocation</u> can cause many inconveniences in daily life.
- |(一) Role play 角色扮演:(10 分鐘)
 - 1. T: What can you do after falling down and feeling very painful?

萬一,跌倒後感覺受傷部位非常疼痛、無法動作時怎麼辦?

Ask the classmates to help you go to the health center for assistance.

第一組:請同學扶起來,勉強走到健康中心尋求協助。

Do not move, stay there, ask nearby students to find adults to help.

第二組:不隨意移動,留在原地,請附近同學找大人來幫忙。

- T: Is the first group or the second group correct?
 第一組還是第二組的方法正確? 教師揭示答案並說明。
- (二) Wound treatment 傷口處理:(25分鐘)
 - 1. T: How to clean different types of wound?
 - S: (學生中英文回答皆可). Use the first aid kit such as bandage ointment, cotton swab etc...

不同類型的傷口該如何處理?例如:扭傷、擦傷、割傷、燙傷、骨折、牙齒斷裂, 由小組一起討論。

2. The teacher plays a film "How to Treat a Cut".

老師播放傷口處理影片。

(三) Healthy life 健康生活:(5 分鐘)

T: What should we do before doing exercise?

1. We should do warm-up exercise and well prepared for exercise to prevent bone and joint injuries.

運動前,要做好暖身活動,並做好運動該有的準備,以預防骨骼及關節受傷。

 When you have sports injuries, don't panic. Don't force yourself to stand or walk. You can ask nearby classmates to inform the teacher or the school's nurse to help. After fixing the wound, use the stretcher to a hospital for first-aid.

發生運動傷害時,千萬不要慌張,不要勉強自己站立或行走,可以請附近同學通知師長或學校的護理師來幫忙,固定傷處後,再以擔架送醫急救。

3. Fractures or dislocations can cause a lot of inconvenience, so you must be careful to avoid injuries in your daily life.

骨折或脫臼會造成生活上許多不便,日常生活中一定要處處小心,避免受傷。

~第三節課結束~

Section 4 Strengthen Bone

第四節 強化骨骼

word bank: sports/calcium intake/sunbathing/weight loss/posture/

sentence patterns: 1. Q: How to make your bones stronger?

A: Exercise makes our bones stronger.

2. Q: Which sport is good for the body?

A: Running is good for the body.

- (一) Bone growth 骨骼成長:(5 分鐘)
 - 1. T: How to make your bones stronger, and grow up well? 老師提問學生要如何強化骨骼,讓身體健康成長?

S:(學生中英文回答皆可)。

2. The teacher explains: do exercise, calcium intake and sun sunbathing can make our bones stronger.

老師說明例如:運動、攝取鈣質、曬太陽有益骨骼。

- (二) Body benefit 有益身心: (30 分鐘)
 - 1. T: What sport is good for the body?

那些運動對身體有幫助?

S:(學生中英文回答皆可)。

2. T: What food contains calcium?

那些食物含有鈣質?

S:(學生中英文回答皆可).

3. T: Why is sunbathing good for bones?

為什麼曬太陽對骨骼有益處?

S:(學生中英文回答皆可).

4. T: How to protect our bones? For example: posture is correct, bag weight loss.

如何保護骨骼?例如;姿勢正確,書包減重。

S:(學生中英文回答皆可).

(三) The right methods 正確方式:(5 分鐘)

T: What can we do to help our bones grow?

- 1. Calcium is the main component of bone and helps bone growth. 鈣質是骨質主要成分,對骨骼生長有幫助。
- 2. Sunbathing promotes vitamin D conversion and helps calcium absorption. 曬太陽可促進維生素 D轉換,幫助 鈣質吸收。
- 3. Incorrect posture can affect bone growth, so keep an eye on the way to carry your backpack properly.

不正確姿勢會影響骨骼生長因此留意正確背書包的方式。

~第四節課結束~

教學設備/ 資源

教學策略

1. 視聽設備: 電腦, 螢幕、投影機。

2. 教具: 骨骼、肌肉和關節結構圖、身體附件、兩腳丁、圖片。

3. 延伸教材及網站: 保護骨骼影片。

評量方式 |口語發表、小組討論、課堂參與、學習態度

10

	/單元	第二單元	教材來源		南一版 三年級上學期		
名稱		飲食與生活 Food and Life	6 h 1 ·				
實施年級		三年級	節數		共 4 節, 160 分鐘		
		人們的生活多元化,因此希望擁有健康的身體,更重要的是了解食物的營養,在此統整活					
設計	理念	動中,即是希望透過活動幫助學童培養良好的飲食習慣、建立正確的飲食概念,並且幫助					
		學童建立認識優良食物的能力。					
		健體-E-A1 具備良好身體活 動與健康			英-E-B1 具備入門的聽、說、讀、寫英		
		生活的習慣,以促進身心			語文能力。在引導 下,能運		
		健全發展,並認識個人特			用所學、字詞及句型進行簡易		
健	康	質,發展運 動與保健的潛	英	語	日常溝通。		
核	じ い	能。	核	Ü	英-E-C2 積極參與課內英 語文小組學		
素	養	健體-E-C3 具備理解與關心 本土、國	素	養	習活動,培養團隊合作精神。		
		際體育與 健康議題的素					
		養,並認識及包容 文化的					
		多元性。					
		1a-Ⅱ-2 了解促進健康生活的方法。			2 日 2 外心山细华中心的从中与		
	學習表現	2a-Ⅱ-2 注意健康問題所帶來的威脅		學習	2-Ⅱ-3 能說出課堂中所學的字詞。		
		感與嚴重性。			3-Ⅱ-2 能辨識課堂中所學的字詞。		
		4a-Ⅱ-1 能於日常生活中,運用健康資		表現	5-Ⅲ-2 在聽讀時,能辨識書本中相對應的書寫文字。		
健康		訊、產品與服務。	英語				
學習		4a-Ⅱ-2 展現促進健康的行為。	學習		9-Ⅱ-1 能夠將所學字詞做簡易歸類。		
重點		Ea-Ⅱ-1 食物與營養的種類和需求。	重點	學習			
	學習	Ea-Ⅱ-2 飲食搭配、攝取量與家庭飲食			Ad-Ⅲ-2 簡易、常用的句型結構。		
	子白內容	型態。		子白內容	D-Ⅲ-1 所學字 詞的簡易歸類。		
	门谷	Ea-Ⅱ-3 飲食選擇的影響因素。		门谷	D-Ⅲ-3 依綜合資訊作簡易猜測。		
		Eb-Ⅱ-1 健康安全消費的訊息與方法					
		健康					
		1. 能認識六大食物所含的營養素。					
		2. 會選擇健康食品,並養成正確的消費行為及態度。					
		3. 能食用當季當地食材,減少運送時耗	是費的:	能源及	是 產生的二氧化碳,同時還可保護地球。		
學習	目標	4. 能分析營養成分及卡洛里,並設計係	建康營	養的?	菜單。		
		英語					
		1. 能以正確的發音及適切的語調說出簡	亨易 句	型的台	5子		
		2. 積極參與各種課堂練習活動。					
		3. 能妥善運用情境中的非語言訊息以幫助學習。					

Section 1 Healthy Body Shape

第一節 健康身形

word bank: (1) grains:澱粉類/(2) meat and beans:簡稱魚肉豆蛋類(全名:meat, poultry, fish, dry beans, eggs, and nuts) /(3) fruits:水果類/(4)

vegetables:蔬菜類/(5)奶類:milk/(6)油脂:oils/

sentence pattern: Q: What kind of food makes us stronger?

A: Meat and beans make us stronger.

(一) Discuss the appearance 討論外觀:(5 分鐘)

T: Do you think you're tall? Or short? thin? Or heavy?

教師讓學生討論自己的外觀如身高體重(高矮胖瘦)。

S:(學生中英文回答皆可).

(二) Six food groups 六大類食物:(15 分鐘)

1. T: Each group has one set of food cards, please divide all these food in six kinds.

老師準備數張食物卡,讓小組分類屬於六大類食物的哪一類。

2. T teaches these six kinds of food.

老師準備並說明六大類食物金字塔。

(1)澱粉類: grains (2)魚肉豆蛋類:簡稱 meat and beans

(全名:meat, poultry, fish, dry beans, eggs, and nuts)

(3)水果類:fruits (4)蔬菜類:vegetables (5)奶類:milk (6)油脂:oils

3. T: let's discuss with your group, what kinds of food make you guys grow taller and stronger?

(三) Key point summarizing 重點結論:(5分鐘)

T: A balanced diet can make us grow taller and stronger, provide the nutrients we need.

均衡飲食能讓我們長高長壯,提供我們所需要的營養素。

~第一節課結束~

Section 2 Food Shopping

第二節 選購食品

word bank : calorie/healthy/unhealthy

sentence pattern: Q: What kind of food is unhealthy?

A: Potato chips are unhealthy.

(一) Guess 猜一猜: (5 分鐘)

T shows the food picture and asks: Please guess which country of the food belongs to? For example: tortilla: Mexico. Kimchi: South Korea. Momo: Malaysia, Singapore.

教師提問食物屬於哪個國家讓學生猜,例如:玉米餅:墨西哥。泡菜:韓國。摩摩喳喳: 馬來西亞、新加坡。

- (二) Calorie content 卡洛里含量: (25 分鐘)
 - 1. T shows all the pictures on the board and asks: please discuss with your teammates about Taiwan's food, various regions, and classified into six food categories, as well as food calorie.

學童討論臺灣代表食物與各地區的食物,並分類到六大食物類,以及各食物涵蓋的卡洛里。

2. T: Do you know your daily diet calories is too much or not enough? (Students can understand how many calories that humans need to eat a day)

學生了解人類一天需吃多少卡洛里,自己平日飲食卡洛里是否過過多或不足。(參考衛福部建議每人每天所需熱量資訊)

https://www.hpa.gov.tw/Pages/Detail.aspx?nodeid=544&pid=726

- 3. T: Please divide these food that are healthy, or unhealthy? (Students discuss the effects of different foods on the body, those food is healthy and those food is unhealthy, such as fried chicken, pearl milk tea. 學生討論不同食物的對身體的影響,那些食物是健康的,那些食物是不健康的,如炸雞、珍珠奶茶。
- (三) Key point summarizing 重點結論:(10 分鐘)
 - 1. T : How do you decide what you need or don't need to buy? Is there any situation that might affect you to make decision? For example : When buying, you can avoid to be affected the choice of consumption factors such as TV commercials, posters, friends' recommendations and promotions.

選購時,能避免受到電視廣告、海報、朋友推薦及促銷活動等因素影響消費的選擇。

- 2. T: Each team write down your answers, and share it with everyone. 每組寫下並發表你們討論的答案。
- 3. T: To buy healthy foods and accept healthy knowledge. 選購健康食品,並養成正確的消費行為及態度。

~第二節課結束~

Section 3 Four Seasonal Food

第三節 四季食物

word bank: pumpkin/broccoli/guava/seasonal/local/

sentence pattern: Q: What's the local/seasonal food?

A: pumpkins are local food/seasonal food.

- (一)Seasonal food 當季食物: (5 分鐘)
 - 1. T: What season it is now,? What kind of food in the vegetable market? 老師提問現在是什麼季節?最近在菜市場看到哪些食物?

S:(學生中英文回答皆可).

- 2. T uses pictures and materials of foods from various regions of Taiwan and the four seasons: "please divide the foods in Taiwan into four seasons" 老師藉由臺灣各地區及四季食物的圖片及資料,引導學童發表臺灣四季出產的食材參考台灣12個月份時令食物整理表 https://info.babyhome.com.tw/article/9655
- (二) Four season food 四季食物:(30 分鐘)
 - 1. T: What are four seasons foods? For example: Spring: Spinach. Summer: sponge gourd. Autumn: Lotus roots. Winter: lettuce. (The teacher prepares four seasons pictures of the food).

老師準備四季的食物的圖片讓學生分組討論四季的食物分別有那些?例如:春:菠菜。夏:絲瓜。秋:蓮藕。冬:茼萵。

S:(學生中英文回答皆可).

2. T: Why do we have to eat "seasonal" and "local" food?

為什麼我們要吃「當季」與「當地」的食物?

S:(學生中英文回答皆可).

3. T: We are going to play a video "The Living Environment Affecting the Residents' Diet". Please watch carefully and later, you have to share how people cook in different places?

老師播放居住環境影響居民飲食,以及如何烹煮方式影片。

- (三) Key point summarizing 重點結論: (5 分鐘)
 - 1. T: Why is it better to have local and seasonal food? (The global promote energy conservation and carbon reduction campaigns, encouraging people eat local and seasonal ingredients to reduce energy consumption and the carbon dioxide produced, so that everyone can eat more nutritional and healthier food while protecting the planet.) 近年來全球提倡節能減碳運動,鼓勵大眾食用當季當地的食材,減少運送時耗費的能源及產生的二氧化碳,可以讓大家吃得更營養、更健康,同時還可以保護地球。
 - 2. T: Why do we need to reduce the carbon? How does it affect our life? (From the right low carbon concept to life practice, we should eat "seasonal" and "local" food.)

由正確的低碳觀念到生活實踐,我們應該要吃「當季」與「在地」的食物。

 T: Can you see the difference between three Asia countries: Taiwan, Japan and Korea. Please discuss their difference.

(Different regions may have diet, main food or cooking methods and form the local characteristics and food culture.)

不同地區的飲食、主食或烹調方式可能有所不同,於是形成當地的特色和飲食文化 14 ~第二節課結束~ Section 4 Design the Healthy Menu

第四節 設計健康菜單

word bank: breakfast/calories/fruit or vegetable salad/menu/ sentence pattern: Q: What do you have for your breakfast? A: I have milk for breakfast.

- (一) Experience sharing 經驗分享: (10 分鐘)
 - 1. T: What do you have for your breakfast? Do you know how many calories you had? (The teacher asks the students to share what food is eaten for breakfast.

讓學生分享早餐吃哪些食物?

- S:(學生中英文回答皆可).
- 2. T: Adding how many calories you eat for breakfast, whether it meets the standards.

加總自己早餐吃多少卡洛里,是否符合標準。

- 2. T: Which countries have higher calories? Which countries have less? (Teacher introduces the breakfasts of the countries through the film.) 教師藉由影片介紹各國早餐。
- (二) Design a breakfast menu 設計早餐菜單:(18 分鐘)
 - 1. T divides Ss into groups and design a healthy and nutritious breakfast menu; Later, analyze nutrients and calories.
 - 分組設計並討論健康營養的早餐餐單,分析營養成分及卡洛里。

2. Students share a healthy breakfast menu for each group. 學生分享各組設計健康的早餐餐單。

(三)DIY for your breakfast 學生自行設計早餐菜單:(10 分鐘)

The whole class takes the ingredients needed for fruit salad or vegetable salad, together to make a delicious light food.

學生準備水果或蔬菜沙拉需要的食材,一起做出美味健康可口的輕食。

(四) Key point summarizing 重點結論:(2分鐘)

When we are shopping, choosing healthy and nutritious food. We should buy food that is good for the body, not want to eat. And also develop a good dieting habit.

我們在選購的時候,如何選擇健康又營養的食物。我們要能購買對身體有益的食物, 而不是買想要吃的食物,須養成良好的飲食習慣。

~第四節課結束~

1. 視聽設備: 電腦,螢幕、投影機。

資源

- 教學設備/ 2. 教具: 六大類食物金字塔、各國食物圖片、卡洛里計算表、臺灣各地區及四季食物 的圖片、沙拉食材
 - 3. 延伸教材及網站:食物烹煮影片

評量方式 口語發表、小組討論、課堂參與、學習態度

_	/單元 稱	第三單元 我是 EQ 高手 I am an EQ pro.	教材來源		源	南一版 三年級上學期
實施	年級	三年級		節數		共 4 節, 160 分鐘
設計理念		好國民不只在外對人要有禮儀,在家亦是如此,所謂有禮走遍天下,無禮寸步難行,知行禮,才能與人建立良好的人際關係。所以本主題學習活動將藉由孩子感興趣的生日宴開始,參加中學習一些作客及邀請他人的生活禮儀,並反省自己在日常生活中習慣,是合宜且合乎禮,期待孩子從小養成彬彬有禮的好習慣。				
健康核素養		健體-E-A1 具備良好身體活動與健康生活的習慣,以促進身心健全發展,並認識個人特質,發展運動與保健的潛能。 健體-E-B1 具備運用體育與健康之相關符號知能,能以同理心應用在生活中的運動、保健與人際溝通上。			英-E	-A2 具備理解簡易英語訊息的能力,能運用基本邏輯思考策略提升學習效能。 -C2 積極餐與課內英語文小組學習活動,培養團隊合作精神。
健學習	學習表現	1a-Ⅱ-1 認識身心健康基本概念與意 義。 2a-Ⅱ-1 覺察健康受到個人、家庭、學 校等因素之影響。 3b-Ⅱ-2 能於引導下,表現基本的人際 溝通互動技能。 4a-Ⅱ-2 展現促進健康的行為。	英學了語習	學習表現	1-II 2- II 3- II 3- II 6- II	-7 能聽懂課堂中所學的字詞。 -10 能聽懂簡易句型的句子。 -3 能說出課堂中所學的字詞。 -2 能辨識課堂中所學的字詞。 -3 能看懂課堂中所學的句子。 -2 積極參與各種課堂練習活動。 -1 能夠將所學字詞做簡易歸類。
重點	學習內容	Aa-Ⅱ-2 人生各階段發展的順序與感受。 Fa-Ⅱ-2 與家人及朋友良好溝通與相處的技巧。 Fa-Ⅱ-3 情緒的類型與調適方法。		學習內容	Ac-I	I-2 簡易的生活用語。 -1 第二學習階段所學字詞及句型 的生活溝通。
學習目標		健康 1. 學生能了解每個人都會有不同的情緒,如何接受、包容及相處應對。 2. 學生能了解自己的情緒,如何接受及處理。 英語 1. 學生能聽、說、及讀出主要的單字及句型。 2. 學生能將簡易的英語融入日常的生活中。				

Section 1 : Emotional Expressions

第一節: 情緒表情

word bank : happy/angry/sad/afraid/

sentence patterns: 1. Q: How does he/she feel?

A: He/She feels happy.

2. Q: How is he/she?

A: He/She is sad.

教學策略









(一) Guessing game 猜猜看: (10 分鐘)

1. The teacher shows four major emotional types. Happy, angry, sad and afraid.

老師展示四大情緒類型

2. The teacher shows four major emotional types and asks students to divide the emoticon card into four categories.

老師展示四大情緒類型並要求學生將表情圖卡分成喜怒哀懼四類。

3. T: How does he/she feel?/ What is his/her feeling?

Ss: He/She feels _____./ Ss: He/She is ____.

教師拿出許多圖片,讓學童猜測圖片中的人,在當下的心情可能是什麼?

4. T: Why? How can you tell?

Ss: Because he/she is/looks ______(學生中英文回答皆可)

- (二) Experience sharing 經驗分享:(25 分鐘)
 - 1. T: Please share your one happy, angry, sad or afraid thing with your group members.

小組成員分享讓自己快樂、生氣、難過、害怕、的事件。

2. A member of each group will share with the class. 每組派一位同學分享。

(三)Key points summarizing 重點歸納:(5 分鐘)

教學策略

Everyone has different feelings of joy, anger, sadness, and afraid. In addition To observing the expression and guessing the mood of others, we can directly ask each other and be closer to each other's feelings.

每個人都有喜、怒、哀、懼等不同的感受。除了觀察表情猜想別人的心情外,我們可以直接詢問對方,更能貼近對方的感受。

~第一節課結束~

2	bection 2 Unnappy Events
ラ	有二節 不愉快事件 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
W	ord bank : bully(bulling)/mad/angry/because
S	entence pattern: 1. Q: Have you ever been angry or sad with others?
	A: I have been angry with my friend.
	2. Q: What can we do to have a good relationship with others
	A: We can <u>share our love</u> .
(一) Experience sharing 經驗分享:(15 分鐘)
	1. T : Have you ever been angry or sad with others?
	老師詢問學生是否有生氣、失落的經驗。
	S:(學生中英文回答皆可).
	2. T: Students share events that let family, friends, classmates, and friends
	make themselves angry, lost, irritated, and quarreled.
	學生分享讓家人、親友、同學、朋友讓自己生氣、失落、被激怒、吵架的事件。
	S:(學生中英文回答皆可). I was with because
	(二) Language bullying 言語霸凌:(23 分鐘)
	1. T Plays the video and let the students know about language bullying.
	How does the bullying influence on himself and others?
	播放影片,讓學生了解 language bullying 言語霸凌。Bullying 霸凌對自己與他人的
	影響。
	2. T : Do you have a similar experience? Share your experience with the class
	S:(學生中英文回答皆可).
1	學生討論並分享自己是否遇過類似的情況。

- (三) Key points summarizing 重點歸納:(2 分鐘)
 - T: What can we do to have a good relationship with others?
 - S: To understand how to respect people's the feelings, respect and love each other, so that we can have a good relationship.

要懂得尊重他人心裡的感受,互敬互爱,才能有良好的關係。

~第二節課結束~

	Section 3 Solving Problems
	第三節 解決問題
	word bank: feeling/emotion/feel better/friendship/
	sentence patterns: 1. Q: What kind of feeling do I have now?
	A: I feel <u>afraid</u> . (happy, angry, sad or afraid)
	2. Q: Why do I have this kind of feeling?
	A: I feel <u>happy</u> because (可說中文)
	(一) Experience sharing 經驗分享:(5 分鐘)
	T: What happened last week which made you unhappy. How did you do with it
	小組成員討論該如何處理上週不愉快事件所產生的情緒。
	S:(學生中英文回答皆可).
	(二) What can I do?我該怎麼做:(25分鐘)
	1. T: Students could recognize their emotions and would actively seek ways to
	express their emotions.
	學生認識情緒並主動詢動尋找幫助自己抒發情緒的管道
	2. T: What kind of feeling do I have now?
	我現在有什麼情緒?
	S: I feel (happy, angry, sad or afraid)
L1 69 kk L	我現在覺得。
教學策略	3. T: Why do I have this kind of feeling?
	我為什麼有這種情緒?
	S: I feel because (學生中英文回答皆可).
	我覺得因為。
	4. T: What can you do to make yourself feel better?
	你該如何做讓你自己覺得比較好?
	5. T: Are there any other ways to make us feel better?
	還有哪些是當抒發情緒方式?
	S: (學生中英文回答皆可). 如:exercising 運動、listening to the music 聽音
	樂、和 talking with friends 朋友分享、writing a diary 寫日記。
	(三) Key points summarizing 重點歸納:(10 分鐘)
	T: How can we make us feel better?
	 Bad feelings will make us unhealthy. We need to know how to make us feel better.
	The content of the c
	将侧侧的阴阳音形音为 3 的 健康,因此在 3 阴小对 图 7 愿这样 週 面 的 7 式 1 聚 值 緒。
	2. If you can't make yourself feel better, you could ask for teachers' help.
	若無法讓心情好轉時 可以請求師長的協助。
	~第三節課結束~

	Section 4
	東四郎 再已初演 word bank: peace/shy/surprise/proud/puzzled
	sentence pattern: Q: How do you feel today?
	A: I feel proud.
	 (一) Role-playing 角色扮演 (情緒九宮格 emotional nine-square grid):(15 分鐘)
	1. The teacher introduces nine different emotions: happy, sad, angry, afraid
	peace, shy, surprise, proud and puzzled (ppt2).
	老師介紹九種不同的情緒。
	2. T: Who can show us the feeling of?
	誰可以表演情緒。讓學生分別表現 9 種不同的情緒。
	Then let the students perform one of these feelings and ask the rest
	students to guess. Students need to explain why they chose the answer. 然後讓學生表演出各個不同的表情讓同學猜。同學需解釋選出答案的原因。
	3. Each team member draws a ball to select an emotion, and then the whole
	team asks that student "How do you feel today?" That student need to answer
	with "I feel"
	全組同學相互問答。每位組員抽籤選出一個情緒,學生須以該情緒的口吻念出
1.1 1/42 bb 1.	(二) Role-playing 角色扮演 (情緒九宮格 emotional nine-square grid):(15 分鐘)
教學策略	 The teacher introduces nine different emotions: happy, sad, angry, afraid
	peace, shy, surprise, proud and puzzled (ppt2).
	老師介紹九種不同的情緒。
	2. T: Who can show us the feeling of?
	誰可以表演情緒。讓學生分別表現9種不同的情緒。
	Then let the students perform one of these feelings and ask the rest
	students to guess. Students need to explain why they chose the answer.
	然後讓學生表演出各個不同的表情讓同學猜。同學需解釋選出答案的原因。
	3. Each team member draws a ball to select an emotion, and then the whole team asks that student "How do you feel today?" That student need to
	answer "I feel" with that emotional voice
	全組同學相互問答。每位組員抽籤選出一個情緒,學生須以該情緒的口吻念出。
	(三) Show your feelings 情緒展現:(20 分鐘)
	1. T: Put the emotional nine-square grid on the ground. Each group will pick ar
	English name for the team. Group members take turn to represent for
	his team and enters the emotional grid.
	在地面定位情緒九宮格並貼上圖案及單字,每組為自己取一個英文隊名,各組派組 員進入九宮格中。

	When students enter the grid they should call out their team names with different emotional voice according to the pictures they step on. Students must constantly change their voice tunes when they step on different pictures. Let every student have a chance to play the game. 各組代表需依照九宮格中的情緒喊出自己的隊名,學生須不斷地走換情緒。讓每位同學都能參與體驗各種情緒的表達。			
	2. T: Discuss and share what you are best at and the most difficult to express.			
教學策略	討論與分享自己最擅長及最難表達的情緒。			
	S:(學生中英文回答皆可).			
	(四) Key points summarizing 重點歸納:(5 分鐘)			
	You must use a right way to show your feelings at all kind situation. Let people know your better. Don't be afraid to show yourself so that people could			
	understand why you react like that.			
	不管面對的是什麼狀況,都要用健康的方式表達自己的感受,讓對方了解。情緒要適 時表達出來,別人才能知道。			
	~第四節課結束~			
教學設備/ 資源	 視聽設備:電腦,螢幕、投影機。 教具:心情圖卡 延伸教材及網站: 			

評量方式 口語發表、小組討論、課堂參與、學習態度

_	/單元	第四單元 美好的假期 Happy Holidays	教材來源		源	南一版 三年級上學期
實施	年級	三年級	節數			共 4 節, 160 分鐘
設計理念		鼓舞學童表達自己參與戶外活動的所見所聞,並藉此增進學童的認識與互動;接著體會遵守規則的益處與重要性;最後讓學生知道尊重大自然的重要性,並了解意外發生時,應該有的處理態度與方式。				
健康松養		健體-E-A1 具備良好身體活動與健康生活的習慣,以促進身心健全發展,並認識個人特質,發展運動與保健的潛能。 健體-E-B1 具備運用體育與健康之相關符號知能,能以同理心應用在生活中的運動、保健與人際溝通上。	英格素			11 具備認真專注的特質及良好 的學習習慣,嘗試運用基本的 學習策略,強化個人英語文能力。 21 具備入門的聽、說、讀、寫英 語文能力。在引導下,能運用 所學、字詞及句型進行簡易日 常溝通。
健學重點	學習表現	2a-Ⅱ-1 覺察健康受到個人、家庭、學校等因素之影響。 2d-Ⅱ-3 參與並欣賞多元性身體活動。 3c-Ⅱ-2 透過身體活動,探索運動潛能與表現正確的身體活動。	英學 重	學習表現	2-II-4	能聽懂簡易的教室用語。 } 能使用簡易的教室用語。 } 能看懂課堂中所學
Ξ,,,,,	學習內容	Ba-II-1 居家、交通及戶外環境的潛在 危機與安全須知 。 Cd-II-1 戶外休閒運動基本技能。		學習內容		能以正確的發音及適切的速度 朗讀簡易句型的句子。能運用所學的字母拼讀規則讀 出英文字詞。
學習目標		健康 1. 能了解從事步道健行活動時,要穿著合適的服裝。 2. 能思考並演練乘坐汽車的安全行為。 3. 解平日常見的小傷害,並演練小傷口的處理順序和方法。 英語 1. 學生能聽、說、及讀出主要的單字及句型。 2. 學生能將簡易的英語融入日常的生活中。				

Section 1 Family Activities

第一節 家庭活動

word bank: go swimming/go camping/go hiking/indoor/outdoor/

sentence patterns: 1. Q: What do you do on weekends?

A: I like to go hiking with my friends/family.

(一)Experience sharing 經驗分享:(15 分鐘)

T: What do you like to do with your families on weekends? Indoor? Or outdoor? 請學童分享周末都與家人做哪些活動?室內的?還是戶外的?

S: (學童中英文回答皆可). We like to go hiking.

- (二)Holiday activities 假日活動: (15 分鐘)
 - 1. T: Where can we go on holidays in Hualien?

週末在花蓮我們可以去哪裡?

S: (學童中英文回答皆可).There are many places to go on holidays in Hualien. Indoors: art galleries, libraries, or show. Outdoors: whale watching, Asia Cement Ecological Park, Taixin Farm, Meilun Mountain Park, Masadi Forest.

花蓮有那些適合假日全家人一起參與的活動。室內的例如:美術館、圖書館或欣賞 展演。戶外的例如:賞鯨、亞泥生態園區、台開心農場、美崙山公園、大農大富平 地森林園區。

2. T: What are the rules of driving safety?

S: (學童中英文回答皆可). You can't play with buttons and switch doors, and move your heads and hands outdoor. You must fasten a seat belt, answer the cellphone on the side of road, and be yield to your pedestrians.

學生認識乘坐汽車安全的規則行車安全。如不可玩弄按鈕及開關門、頭與手部能伸出車外、要繫安全帶、小小孩要坐安全椅、路邊停接手機、汽車應禮讓行人。

(三)Discussion 共同討論: (10 分鐘)

T: What are healthy activities and unhealthy activities?

S:(學童中英文回答皆可).

老師與學生一起討論哪些是健康的活動,哪些是不健康的活動?

~第一節課結束~

Section 2 Preparation Before the Trip

第二節 行前準備

word bank: backpack/hat/rain coat/sunblock/water bottle/snack/

sentence patterns: 1. Q: What do you need for hiking?

A: We need a backpack.

2. Q: How do we pay attention to when driving?

A: Don't open the door when driving.

(一)Experience sharing 經驗分享:(15 分鐘)

T: Ss share their personal experiences in the hiking trails or on the forest trails.

請學童分享山林步道健行活動的親身經歷與見聞。

S:(學生中英文回答皆可).

- (二)Security considerations 注意事項:(23分鐘)
 - 1. T: What do you need for hiking?

教師詢問學生去健行要準備什麼?

S:(學生中英文回答皆可).We need a water bottle and a hat.

2. T: What clothes should for hiking?

當我們要去山林步道健行活動時,應該選擇什麼服裝?

S:(學生中英文回答皆可).

3. T: How do we pay attention to when driving?

行車該注意哪些事情?

S:(學生中英文回答皆可).

4. T: What items should we prepare for hiking?

需要準備那些物品?

S:(學生中英文回答皆可).

5. T: What to be carefully for hiking?

要注意什麼事情?才能確保安全品質。

S:(學生中英文回答皆可)

- (三) Key points summarizing 重點歸納:(2 分鐘)
 - 1. T: How can we have a safe tourism?
 - S: (學生中英文回答皆可)The trail hiking equipment is mainly light and practical, and the equipment is not overlooked to ensure the safety of tourism.

步道健行裝備以輕簡實用為主,帶齊裝備不疏漏,才能確保旅遊安全品質。

- 2. T: How do we help the natural environment?
 - S: (學生中英文回答皆可)The "No Trace Mountain Movement" minimizes the impact of recreational activities on the natural environment.

「無痕山林運動」使遊憩活動對自然環境的衝擊降到最低。

~第二節課結束~

Section 3 Dangerous Situation

第三節 危險情況

word bank: dangerous/insect bite/bruise 瘀青/cut/

sentence patterns: 1. Q: What should we do when an insect bite?

A: I can use the ointment after bite.

2. Q: How do you stay safe when hiking?

A: Don't walk alone.(可用中文回答)

(一)Experience sharing 經驗分享:(15 分鐘)

T: Ss share the dangerous experiences or experiences encountered in the hiking trails on the forest trails.

教師請學童分享山林步道健行活動遭遇到的危險經歷或見聞。

S:(學生中英文回答皆可).

(二)Crisis management 危機處理:(15 分鐘)

- 1. The teacher posts a map of the forest trails and discusses the dangerous situations and safe behaviors that may be encountered from the textbook. 教師張貼山林步道導覽圖,配合課本圖文內容說明,討論可能遭遇的危險情形與安全行為。
- 2. The teacher posted harmful animals and plants such as hornets, Pointed-Scaled Pit Viper and poisonous mushrooms.

教師張貼虎頭蜂、龜殼花、毒菇等有害動植物。

T: What should we do when an insect bite?

S:(學生中英文回答皆可).

3. T: How to deal with an emergency?

遇到緊急狀況該如何處理

S:(學生中英文回答皆可).

(三)Key points summarizing 重點歸納:(10 分鐘)

T: How do you stay safe when hiking?

S:(學生中英文回答皆可).

1. When engaging in hiking activities in the forest trails, and enjoying the beauty of nature and relaxing, you must not neglect safety precautions and have the ability to deal with emergencies.

從事山林步道健行活動,再享受自然之美、放鬆心情的同時,絕對不可輕忽安全注意事項,也要有緊急危機處理的能力。

There are signboards throughout the forest trails to remind visitors of various precautions. We must pay attention to the signs, do not take it lightly and cause injury.

山林步道各處設有標示牌,提醒遊客各種注意事項。我們要留意各標示牌,切勿掉以輕心,導致受傷。

3. Don't leave the team because of curiosity or other people's embarrassment, explore on your own, you should work together with your peers.

不因好奇或他人慫恿而脫隊,自行探險,應與同行者共進共出。

~第三節課結束~

Section 4 First Aid Kit 第四節 急救箱 word bank: first aid kit 急救箱/ouch 痛/bandage 繃帶/scrape 擦傷/bump 腫包/ sentence pattern: 1. Q: What's in a first aid kit? A: There are bandages. 2. Q: How should you clean a wound? A: Use a ointment. (一)Experience sharing 經驗分享: (15 分鐘) 1. T: Ss share their experience of going to the health room if they have any falls or cuts? 請學童分享是否有摔傷或割傷等等,去過保健室的經驗? S:(學生中英文回答皆可). 2. T: What's in a first aid kit? 請學童分享急救箱內物品? S:(學生中英文回答皆可). (二)Treatment timing 處理時機:(10分鐘) 1. T: How should you clean a wound? 教學策略 老師詢問學生傷口該如何處理? S:(學生中英文回答皆可). 2. T introduces the contents of the first aid kit, and the timing of the use. 老師介紹急救箱內容物,以及該使用的時機。 (三) Game: Support the front line 遊戲支援前線:(15 分鐘) T tells Ss how to play the game. 1. Divide Ss into groups, each group is in one row. 班級學生分組,每組自成一列。 2. The teacher placards the number of first aid items and pieces required for different injuries. 教師舉牌,上面書寫著不同受傷狀況需要的急救物品和件數。 3. In the timekeeping competition, the team members passed the items to the first place, which group is the fastest to collect. 計時比賽,組員們各自將物品往前傳至第一位,看哪一組最快收集齊全。 4. The team member who triumphed please explain the importance of this item. 請勝利的那一組組員說明這件物品的重要性。 ~第四節課結束~ 1. 視聽設備: 電腦、螢幕、投影機。 教學設備/ 2. 教具: 步道健行裝備圖片 資源 3. 延伸教材及網站: 花蓮旅遊景點圖、交通安全規則、youtube 影音。 評量方式 口語發表、小組討論、課堂參與、學習態度

英語教室用語 Classroom Usage:

- Pay attention, everybody.
- Do you remember what we learned last period?
- Open your books at page ______.
- Come out and write it on the board.
- Whose turn is it to read?
- Which question are you on?
- Who hasn't answered yet?
- What was the _____ like?
- What do you think?
- How can you tell?
- Let me explain what I want you to do next.
- Would you give us an example?
- Could you explain a little bit more about that?
- Would you pronounce the word "_____"?
- What do you mean?
- Are you with me?
- Do you get it?
- Let's check the answers.
- One more time, please.
- We have an extra five minutes.
- Sit quietly until the bell goes.
- There are still two minutes to go.
- I'm afraid it's time to finish now.
- We'll have to stop here
- We'll do the rest of this chapter next time.
- We'll finish this exercise next lesson.

Sentence Patterns:

Caring for our body.

Having enough sleep

Food we sometimes eat

Food we eat every day

Spending time with my family

Feeling we have

The safe forest trail I love

Watch out for danger

央		
U1		
1-1	head/shoulder/arm/hand/leg/toe/muscle/joint/bone/get hurt/	
word bank :	position/movement/	
sentence patterns :	1. Q: Which part of your body got hurt?	
	A: My <u>arms</u> got hurt.	
	2. Q: Why can we do so many movements?	
	A: Because we have <u>muscle, joint and bones</u> worked together.	
1-2	falling/bumping/prevention/injury/the elders/pay attention to/	
word bank :	1. Q: What can we do to prevent from injury?	
sentence patterns :	A: <u>Don't run</u> in the <u>hallway</u> .走廊.	
	2. Q: What's the main cause of injury?	
	A: Falling/Bumping are the main causes of injury.	
1-3	health center/warm-up exercise/mattress/protective gear	
word bank :	1. Q: What can we do to after we fell down?	
sentence patterns :	A: We stay there and don't move.	
	2. Q: What should we do to avoid getting hurt?	
	A: Do warm-up exercise to avoid getting hurt.	
1-4	exercise/sport/calcium intake/sunbathing/weight loss/posture/	
word bank :	1. Q: How to make your bones stronger?	
sentence patterns :	A : Exercise makes our bones stronger.	
	2. Q: What is good for the body?	
	A: Running/Sunbathing is good for the body.	
U2 飲食與生活 Food and Life		
2-1	(1) grains:澱粉類/(2) meat and beans:簡稱魚肉豆蛋類/	
word bank :	(3) fruits:水果類/(4) vegetables:蔬菜類/	
sentence patterns :	(5) milk:奶類 /(6) fats:油脂 /	
	Q: What kind of food makes us stronger?	
	A: Meat and beans make us stronger.	
2-2	healthy/unhealthy/TV advertisement/poster/promotion 促銷	
word bank :	1. Q: What kind of food is unhealthy?	
sentence patterns :	A: Potato chips are unhealthy.	
	2. Q: How can we do to avoid buying too much food?	
	A: Don't buy food because of TV advertisement.	
2-3	seasonal/local/fresh/cheap/healthy/	
word bank :	1. Q: What's the local/seasonal food?	
sentence patterns :	A: Strawberries are local food/seasonal food.	
	2. Q: Why do we need to buy the local/seasonal food?	
	A: Because it's <u>fresh</u> and <u>cheap</u> .	
2-4	breakfast/calories/dish/nutrients/	
word bank :	1. Q: What do you have for your breakfast?	
sentence patterns :	A: I have milk for breakfast.	

	2. Q: How many calories do you have for your breakfast?	
	A: I have <u>217</u> calories for my breakfast.	
U3 我是 EQ 高手 I'm an EQ Pro.		
3-1	happy/angry/sad/scared/calm/shy/surprise/	
word bank :	Q: How do you feel?	
sentence patterns :	A: I feel happy.	
3-2	Be nice/ be kind/ be helpful/	
word bank :	1. Q: Are you angry or sad with others?	
sentence patterns :	A: Yes. I do.	
	2. Q: What can we do to have a good relationship with others?	
	A: Be nice to him/her.	
3-3	feeling/emotion/feel better/exercise/listen to music/talk with	
word bank :	friends/write a diary/	
sentence patterns :	1. Q: Why do I have this kind of feeling?	
	A:I feel angry because (可說中文)	
	2. Q: What can you do to feel better?	
	A: I can <u>tell my parents</u> .	
3-4	role paly/happy/angry/sad/scared/calm/shy/surprise/	
word bank :	Q: What's his feeling?	
sentence patterns :	A: He feels shy.	
U4 美好的假期 Happy Holidays		
4-1	go swimming/go camping/go hiking/indoor/outdoor/	
word bank :	Q: What do you do on weekends?	
sentence patterns :	A: I like to go hiking with my friends/family.	
4-2	backpack/hat/rain coat/notebook/water bottle/snack/	
word bank :	line up and don't push / don't open the door/ wait for the green light/	
sentence patterns :	1. Q: What do you need for hiking?	
	A: We need a <u>backpack</u> .	
	2. Q: How do we pay attention to when driving?	
	A: Don't open the door when driving.	
4-3	dangerous/insect bite/cut 刀傷/bruise 瘀青/scrape 擦傷/bump 腫/	
word bank :	1. Q: What kind of wound do you have?	
sentence patterns :	A: I have a cut.	
	2. Q: How do you stay safe when hiking?	
	A: Don't walk alone.(可用中文回答)	
4-4	first aid kit/ouch/normal saline/iodineu 優碘/ointment 藥膏/bandage/	
word bank :	1. Q: What's in a first aid kit?	
sentence patterns :	A: There are some <u>bandages</u> .	
	2. Q: How should you clean a wound?	
	A: Use <u>normal saline</u> .	